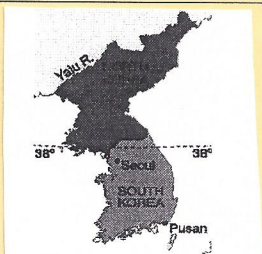
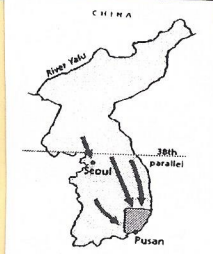
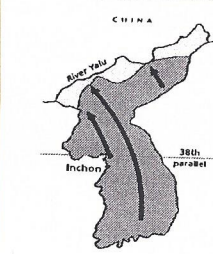
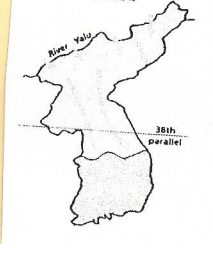
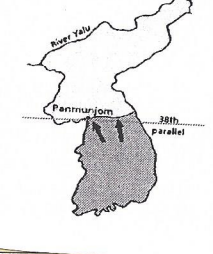
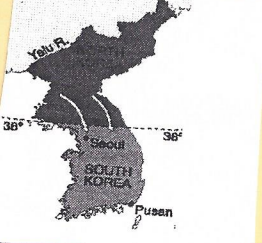


KOREAN WAR TIMELINE

Name: Eli

Date:

<p>End of WW2 - June 1950</p>	<p>After WW2, Korea was split into two administrative zones: USSR occupied the north; US occupied the south South Korea held free elections USSR appointed communist dictator in North Korea</p>	 <p>A map of the Korean peninsula with the 38th parallel latitude line drawn across it. The area north of the line is shaded dark grey and labeled 'USSR' (though not explicitly written, it's implied by the text). The area south is white. Labels include 'Yalu R.' at the top, '38°' on both sides of the parallel, 'Seoul' in the center, and 'Pusan' at the bottom.</p>
<p>June 1950</p>	<p>The North Koreans attacked. They were very successful. They captured most of South Korea</p>	 <p>A map of Korea with the 38th parallel marked. A shaded area representing North Korean forces extends from the 38th parallel south to Seoul. Arrows point south from the 38th parallel towards Seoul. Labels include 'CHINA' at the top, 'River Yalu', '38th parallel', 'Seoul', and 'Pusan'.</p>
<p>July 1950</p>	<p>The Americans were alarmed and persuaded the United Nations to support South Korea. The American Army, led by General MacArthur, went to Korea, drove back the North Koreans, recaptured South Korea and invaded North Korea. It advanced as far as the Chinese border</p>	 <p>A map of Korea with the 38th parallel marked. A shaded area representing UN forces extends from the 38th parallel north to the Chinese border. Arrows point north from the 38th parallel towards the border. Labels include 'CHINA' at the top, 'River Yalu', '38th parallel', 'Inchon', and 'Pusan'.</p>
<p>October 1950</p>	<p>Now the Chinese were alarmed. They attacked MacArthur, and drove the Americans back. They recaptured North Korea, and advanced into South Korea</p>	 <p>A map of Korea with the 38th parallel marked. A shaded area representing Chinese forces extends from the Chinese border south to the 38th parallel. Arrows point south from the border towards the 38th parallel. Labels include 'CHINA' at the top, 'River Yalu', '38th parallel', and 'Pusan'.</p>
<p>February 1951</p>	<p>The Americans landed more troops. They drove the Chinese back (the Chinese lost 200,000 men).</p>	 <p>A map of Korea with the 38th parallel marked. A shaded area representing UN forces extends from the 38th parallel north to the Panmunjom armistice line. Arrows point north from the 38th parallel towards Panmunjom. Labels include 'CHINA' at the top, 'River Yalu', '38th parallel', 'Panmunjom', and 'Pusan'.</p>
<p>March 1951 - 1953</p>	<p>MacArthur reached the 38th parallel in March 1951. Truman told MacArthur to stop. MacArthur was sacked when he publicly criticized Truman's order. In 1953, Eisenhower became American president. He made peace.</p>	 <p>A map of the Korean peninsula with the 38th parallel latitude line drawn across it. The area north of the line is shaded dark grey. The area south is white. Labels include 'Yalu R.' at the top, '38°' on both sides of the parallel, 'Seoul' in the center, and 'Pusan' at the bottom.</p>